

## TAFT MAY TAKE THE STUMP

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IS SUBJECT TO AMENDMENT.

Candidate Likes Political Speaking If It Is To Be Successful—Will Take Up Bryan's Slogan, "Shall the People Rule," in Today's Talk to Virginians.

HOT SPRINGS, Aug. 20.—Mr. Taft's speech before the Virginians here to-morrow will be his most important utterance since his speech of acceptance. In it he will answer Bryan's question "Shall the people rule?" and will compare the efforts of the Republican party to meet the abuses of the trusts and monopolies with what the Democratic party has tried to do. The speech also will contain an appeal to the independent Democratic voters of the South.

There will probably be 5,000 persons here. How they are going to get here is one of the problems that nobody except the railroad officials has attempted to figure out. The twenty-five mile branch road running up from Covington has some tremendous grades and only the railroad men again have any idea where the trains are going to be put when they get here. There are no sidings to speak of, and the trains line up from the station to the ball field, where the speaking is to take place.

The chances are, too, that there will be some hungry Virginians here to-morrow unless they bring their own lunches. The hotels can't accommodate more than 1,000. The festive sandwich counter, however, has made its appearance. The new Hotel, which Mr. Taft is stopping, will close its bar, but the Virginians who have accumulated a thirst will find the Magnolia Springs running, or if they want something hot they can try sulphur water.

Mr. Taft said to-day that his plan to stay in Cincinnati during the entire campaign is subject to amendment, although at the present he had no intention of deviating from it. Personally, Mr. Taft enjoys a speaking tour.

After the first week of campaigning and you have what you want to say in mind," commented Mr. Taft, "it is a pleasing experience provided you speak only once a day. I did it in 1904 and enjoyed every hour. I spoke in New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Rhode Island, Maine and Vermont. Of course campaigning for twenty or thirty times in a day, is an awful experience. There is certainly no pleasure in that and I don't know how much good it does the country. The Republican leaders in many of the doubtful States, like Indiana and Missouri, are anxious to have Mr. Taft deliver at least one speech in each of those States. It is likely that the Democratic efforts will be made before the campaign is over to get him to go out on the stump. If Mr. Taft does decide to do so, he will be expected to make the question of itinerary to the national committee, for if he attempted to decide for himself he would be swamped with invitations.

Judge D. H. Woodruff, of the Court of Common Pleas, Cincinnati, who was president of the National League of Republican Clubs in 1936, said to-day that he was to-day in regard to the omission of Senator Foraker's name from the list of speakers at the opening meeting of the national campaign at Xenington, Ohio, on September 5.

"As a friend and neighbor of Senator Foraker I regret the impression that has been abroad because of an editorial interview with the Senator reported from New York in which he was made to say that the failure to be invited to speak at the national campaign was a personal humiliation. Although I have not talked with Judge Taft or any one who has to do with the selection of speakers, I feel sure that no personal humiliation was intended.

"Aside from the fact that we have had many campaigns in the past, it can be understood that a very important question of party policy arose this year.

"Every one knows that Senator Foraker in his Chamber of Commerce speech in Cincinnati only a short time ago made a severe attack upon the policies of Mr. Roosevelt. How could the party which intends to wage the fight, standing squarely on those policies, consistently invite him to take the most conspicuous place in the campaign. It was practically impossible, and most of Senator Foraker's friends see it that way.

"I will yield to no one in my admiration for Senator Foraker. The splendid service he has heretofore rendered in behalf of the Republic is too well known to be forgotten. But it is impossible to serve the party in the present campaign.

"The candidate who will speak to-day at Xenington is James S. Sherman's speech of acceptance.

"I have read also with peculiar gratification the wonderful testimonial to Mr. Sherman's character which Mr. Philip H. Hunt, a neighbor and intimate friend, paid from his heart to the Vice-Presidential candidate.

"William S. Edwards of Charleston, W. Va., who was chairman of the delegation to the Chicago convention from that State, was here to-day to invite Mr. Taft to take another tour, over the West Virginia mountains. Mr. Edwards wanted him to go to a fishing resort. The candidate declined with thanks. Apparently one West Virginia fish is not as good as another. There was the chance that Mr. Taft might find himself cornered among the West Virginia mountains, just as he was at White Sulphur Springs.

"West Virginia is safe for Judge Taft," said Mr. Edwards. "The defeat of the Baltimore Sun in the election of Mr. Taft leaves Bryan without a single important newspaper in the State of Maryland, an index of the powerful current already existing in not only Maryland but in Virginia and West Virginia as well. The movement in West Virginia in Judge Taft's favor is among the substantial business men of the State.

"The purely local contention between the Scher and the Swisher factions will in no wise jeopardize the support which the Republicans and hundreds of Democrats will give to the Taft electors.

"Here is a letter that comes to Mr. Taft from a seventeen-year-old Bonnie White of Nashville, Tenn.

"I am 17 years old and in the second year of high school. Now I will tell you how many times I have immediately failed to vote for Taft and Sherman. My father and four big brothers, four brothers-in-law, two uncles, three cousins and papa. Now if all the Republican girls could count on many votes for Taft, Bryan would surely go into retirement for all time.

"Well, I hope he will get left, for I do not like to patronize him, and mamma says that was her trade during the last Democratic demonstration. Wellville and Lewis county and Washington will roll up a good majority for the Republican candidate and continuation of the Republic.

"Hope to send congratulations in November to Hon. William H. Taft, President-elect of the United States.

The Twenty-third Speaks Up for Hughes. The Republican organization of the Twenty-third district at a meeting held last night adopted a resolution urging the renomination of Gov. Hughes. This is the first district organization to come out in favor of a second term for the Governor. Although there was some opposition to the resolution it was carried by a large majority. Judge Woodruff, Deputy Superintendent of Elections, is the leader of the district.

## Second-hand Rainier Cars at Bargain Prices

We offer the following Rainiers, which have been taken in trade for 1938 models, at extremely low figures, in order to close them out at once.

- One 1937 Touring Car with cape top.
- One 1937 Limousine (a beautiful and luxurious vehicle).
- One 1937 Special Roadster.
- One 1938 Special Roadster.
- Two 1938 Touring Cars with cape tops.
- One 1938 Limousine.

All cars overhauled mechanically in our own shop, refinished to look like new, and each will be sold subject to our guarantee "FREE OF REPAIRS FOR SIX MONTHS."

The high-grade second-hand car that is guaranteed by the manufacturer to be in perfect condition is a far better investment than many cheap new cars.

Demonstrations cheerfully given.

Rainier Motor Car Co.  
Broadway & 56th Street.

## BRYAN BEGINS HIS TOUR.

Leaves Home to Spend a Week Talking and Conferences.

LINCOLN, Aug. 20.—Mr. Bryan left to-night on his first campaign speaking tour. He was accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Rose, and conveyed by a quartet of newspaper men. He will be back in Lincoln on August 28. In the meantime he will confer with party leaders in Iowa, speaking to-morrow night at Des Moines on the tariff, his first formal speech of the campaign in which he directly discusses issues. He will spend Saturday and Sunday in Chicago in conference with Chairman Mack and other managers. He will be joined by R. J. McCall of Nebraska and other members of the campaign text book committee. Mr. McCall has the copy well in hand and now waits final approval of several chapters of the text book, which is the first meeting here a week ago.

Mr. Bryan had a long talk over the telephone this morning with Chairman Mack and the latter is to summon a number of leaders to confer with Bryan. It is hinted here that some little friction has developed at headquarters with Secretary Goddard in the middle of it, but its exact nature is not stated. Mr. Bryan goes to Chicago with some additional plans he wants to submit, all looking toward a vigorous pushing of a speaking campaign.

This afternoon Mr. Bryan had a long conference with C. C. Stockholder, who came from Iowa to discuss the campaign and present the mixup in the Democratic situation there. Stockholder heads the anti-Dubois club in Chicago, which is a Republican stronghold. He is a very busy man to-day. Mr. Bryan yielded to the persuasion of Mr. Stockholder, who said he came direct from Oyster Bay. Mr. Bryan showed him how he acted when around the house and in his ordinary home life, and the man followed him around with his machine.

Bryan sent Johnson a telegram of congratulation, but said that he would prefer to see Mr. Johnson in person. He said he was glad to see him at the national ticket in Minnesota.

Joseph H. Morrison, a soldier of the Spanish-American war from Tennessee, today and out of luck, called on Mr. Bryan to-day for aid in getting a pension. He got it. The man walked to Fairview for lack of cars.

## NEW MOVE UPON MCCARREN.

Protest to Board of Elections Will Have a Hearing To-day.

The Board of Elections in Brooklyn will hold a hearing at noon to-day on the protest of the anti-McCarren Democrats of Brooklyn against the appointment of delegates to the Third and Fourth Congressional district conventions. Lawyers Thomas E. Blugger and John J. Carey, representing the anti-McCarrenites, filed protests with the members of the board yesterday and also served a copy of the order for the hearing on Senator McCarren. The Senator will be represented at the hearing to-day by his counsel, Isaac M. Kapper.

It is maintained by McCarren's opponents that the delegates he has assigned to the Assembly districts which he expects to carry on primary day, give him control of the vote cast at the last State election. The anti-McCarren districts should control the vote.

"The protest in regard to the Third Congressional district is signed by William E. Melody and William E. Melody, leaders of the Twenty-second and Twenty-third districts. The anti-McCarren papers give the representation as fixed by Senator McCarren and the representation based on the vote, which is said to show that the McCarren districts have a larger representation than is right and the anti-McCarren districts a smaller one. The anti-McCarren protest is a smaller one. The anti-McCarren protest is a smaller one.

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## DEMOCRATS FOR HUGHES TOO

PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE HEARS HOW THEY WOULD VOTE.

J. Aspinwall Hodge and Others Say Republican Must Renominate Governor—A Comparison Wherein He Outshines Roosevelt, Who Yields to Popular Cry.

J. Aspinwall Hodge, the chief speaker at a meeting last night of the People's Institute Club A at 318 East Fifth street called to discuss the question, "Should Gov. Hughes be renominated," in a speech in which he scored the Republican party bosses strongly advocated the renomination of the Governor and declared that he would vote for Gov. Hughes this time if he was renominated even though he himself was a Democrat. The sentiment of the meeting, as evidenced by the frequent applause that greeted the mention of the Governor's name, was strongly in favor of Mr. Hughes's renomination.

In fact, when John Brooks Leavitt, who described himself as an independent Democrat, said that Gov. Hughes should be kept at Albany several terms and then asked rhetorically "How long should we keep him there?" one man in the back of the room yelled "For life!"

"The Republican organization," said Mr. Hodge, "has done all in its power to obstruct the Governor. It has refused to pass bills which have been introduced by the people's representatives. It has refused to dismiss a public official who was to say the least negligent in his public conduct. It has put its hands on the strings in his way to obstruct and harass him."

"The party to-day would rather go down to defeat than elect him, but this is a Presidential election with all the bread and leaves and fluff that come with the winning of such an election. Their nomination of Gov. Hughes is necessary if for no other reason than that the people of the United States and of the State of New York are determined on having their own way. They are going to elect a man who is to be ruled by the bosses. It is to the benefit of the Republican party to renominate a man who is the choice of the people and who stands for rule by the people. The candidacy of Gov. Hughes insures the nomination of the best man that the Democrats can produce. We are therefore assured of a leader worthy of all the Governor's chair if Hughes be renominated."

"The leaders don't want Hughes. When that holy saint Thomas Platt pronounced his benediction for all anti-Hughes men, making me feel all the more strongly for Hughes, I tried as a Democrat and a lawyer to see what could be urged against the Governor, but I was stumped for arguments except perhaps that he was too good for his party."

John Brooks Leavitt compared Gov. Hughes with President Roosevelt at the latter's expense. "President Roosevelt," he said, "is a man of high principle, of great courage, but I don't call him a man of sturdy character. Look over his public record and you will find that he never stood for a principle under fire. He was not a man to make a proper man get the same treatment as a burglar or a murderer when taken to a police station. Magistrate Butts first got the idea from the people. He was a man who was not afraid to stand up to the law."

Magistrate Butts has a plan to summon them to court.

When the committee on codification of the Board of Aldermen meets next week a resolution drafted by Police Magistrate Arthur C. Butts doing away with the arrest of persons on suspicion of crime will be introduced. Magistrate Butts said yesterday that he believes it is unjust and severe for a person taken into custody on a minor complaint to be looked up in a cell and accorded the same treatment as a felon.

Magistrate Butts is convinced that the laws are unusually severe in the treatment of trivial offenders. A pedler arrested for selling without a license or a driver nabbed for not making a proper turn get the same treatment as a burglar or a murderer when taken to a police station. Magistrate Butts first got the idea from the people. He was a man who was not afraid to stand up to the law.

Magistrate Butts' resolution also applies to women of the street.

Report That Grand Jury Witness Had Been Shot Struck Excitement.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 20.—Hovoring between life and death at the Springfield Hospital lies Rola Keys, 17 years old, and Harold McLaughlin, are in jail awaiting the return to consciousness of young Keys, though there is fear he will not survive the night. Keys was a witness before the Grand Jury, testifying against the negro George Richardson, whose alleged assault upon Mrs. Hallan precipitated the race riot. Keys lies in the house adjoining that of Mrs. Hallan.

Keys' loyal carried unconscious into the hospital today his two companions both insisted that he had been mysteriously shot from ambush while they were returning from the river. This story spread throughout the city like wildfire and another outbreak was feared.

To-night, after having been "sweated," the McLaughlin boy confessed that he shot Keys accidentally.

The authorities decline to release the two prisoners. Keys is in a hospital through the lung. The other two boys said they all agreed to tell the falsehood about the shooting because they were afraid to talk about having the gun and their purpose in obtaining it.

Ten indictments were returned by the special Grand Jury this afternoon. Among them were those against Mrs. Kate Howard, Raymer is charged with the murder of William Donagan, a Negro, who was shot in the back of the head, whose wife was destroyed by a mob, testified to-day, placing his property loss at \$20,000, including \$7,000 worth of jewelry. He said he was in the hands of the mob and took up his residence elsewhere.

MURPHY ON THE SCENE.

At Democratic Headquarters Talking Over Plans and Things.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, was at the Democratic national headquarters in the Hoffman House for nearly three hours yesterday. He was for most of the time with John A. Mason, the chief of the committee. Afterward Mr. Murphy said that he had been mapping out some campaign details with Mr. Mason and talking over plans in general.

The Governor in conclusion said that he believed in officials going to the people and telling them what they have and have none, and that no official was worthy of the office he holds who would shrink from the fullest explanation of his official acts.

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The oil company will have twenty days in which to file an answer.

Van Doren Hendrickson, Injured in Auto Accident, Dies.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 20.—Van Doren Hendrickson, who was hurt in a collision at Eatontown on Tuesday night when a Ford car driven by Albert Crane, an employee of the Albany County garage, was involved in a collision with Hendrickson's car, died of his injuries at the Monmouth Memorial Hospital to-day. Hendrickson was 74 years old. His wife and several adult children were with him in the county jail. An inquest will be held to fix the responsibility for Hendrickson's death.

## NEGRO'S BOLD ATTACK ON WOMAN.

She Fought Him Off and He Was Caught After a Chase.

Mrs. Lillian Merry, the wife of an inventor, was alone in her apartment on the ground floor of 273 West Tenth street late yesterday when there was a knock on the door. She opened it and was confronted by a negro, who asked if a Miss Harrison lived there. Mrs. Merry said no such person lived in the house. Then the negro asked if the number of the house wasn't 253. The woman told him 252 was across the street and he left.

Twenty minutes later another knock came, and the negro was there again. Mrs. Merry attempted to close the door, but the negro put his foot against it and forced it open. Before she could scream he grabbed her by the throat.

Mrs. Merry, who is athletic and a good swimmer, fought with all her strength, but she was overpowered. She was thrown into her room, and the dog named Minto, a pet of the family, bounded into the room and tackled the negro. The dog growled and the negro began to retreat. He ran through the flat to the parlor in the front and attempted to get out through the window, but it was locked and he decided to waste no time. With the dog hanging to his coat tails and Mrs. Merry striking him with her fists, the negro ran back to the dining room, thence to the hallway and to the street. Mrs. Merry went after him at her best speed, calling for help.

A crowd joined in the chase and the negro ran through West Tenth street and turned down Greenwich toward Charles street. A dozen men hopped off a car and caught him at Charles street. When Mrs. Merry came running up she explained what had happened and the men jumped on the negro. Mrs. Merry took a hammer and began to pound the negro's head with it before Policemen Moore of the Charles street station got on the job.

Moore kept the crowd off with his club and landed the negro in the Charles street station. The negro said he was Charles Rowe, a cook on the steamboat Ide of the Catekill Line.

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## GOV. JOHNSON WILL RUN AGAIN

DEMOCRATS HOPE HE'LL BE ABLE TO PULL BRYAN THROUGH

In Minnesota and in the Northwest, Where the Scandinavian Vote Is to Be Won—With Bryan Sends the Governor Telegram of Congratulation.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 20.—Gov. John A. Johnson's acceptance to-day of the Democratic nomination for a third term as Governor of Minnesota, which was made at the State convention yesterday after he had repeatedly declared his unwillingness to run, has put a new phase on the Minnesota political situation.

Democrats are confident that the State ticket will win this fall and carry with it the national ticket in Minnesota and the Northwest as well.

"There is no other way out of the situation," said Gov. Johnson to-day, when asked whether he would accept nomination. "Win or lose, I will make the very best fight there is in me."

The Governor was busy at the Capitol this morning receiving visitors, while telegrams came pouring in extending congratulations. Included among them was that of William J. Bryan, in which Mr. Bryan pledges the support of the national committee to the Democratic campaign in Minnesota.

The acceptance of the nomination by Johnson joins the issue fairly in this State. Standard while John A. Johnson will again seek to make a Democratic State out of a Republican stronghold. Neither side is belittling the possible strength of the other. The contest between Johnson and Johnson will be picturesque.

Gov. Johnson had apparently considered his decision well during the night, and upon receiving the Capitol announced that he had decided to accept his kidnapping by the Democratic party.

"I feel," he said, "I sincerely have not sought this nomination, but the party thought otherwise. Of course I appreciate the honor, and I am sure that I have not only done away with an unnecessary hardship but will relieve materially the congestion in the courts. Also it will enable me to do more for the people."

Asked how he would meet the third term argument, he said he would do his best to do so. He said he would do his best to do so. He said he would do his best to do so.

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